Luke 11:1-13; Lord's Day 45

PRAYER AND THE CHRISTIAN

- 1. What Prayer Is.
- 1. Prayer is conversation and communion of a regenerated soul with the covenant God.
- 2. Prayer is the primary way to thank God.
- 3. The attitude of prayer is the way we ought to live; it is to pray without ceasing.
- Why pray?
- 1. Some objections to prayer.
- 1. God has already decreed what will happen so prayer does not change anything.
- 2. The appearance of no answer from God.
- Prayer is the means by which God gives His grace and Spirit (cf. Ezekiel 36:37).
- Prayer is necessary as a means of consecration (cf. I Tim. 4:5).
- Not praying is not only a weakness, but a sin.
- How pray? As determined by the One to Whom we pray.
- 1. Remember that prayer is an holy art, which (must and) can be learned.
- 2. Prayer must be sincere.
- 3. Pray to God as He has revealed Himself and to pray as instructed in God?s Word.
- 4. Pray with humility and contrition (Luke 18:9-14).
- 5. Ground or base your prayers on the merit and worthiness of Jesus Christ, the only Mediator.